

# Lösungen Teil 1

---

1

```
OA = {3, 0, 4}; OB = {1, 1, 1}; OC = {-7, 5, 11};
Solve[(OB - OA) == λ (OC - OA), {λ}]
```

```
{}
```

Die Punkte liegen nicht auf einer Geraden.

---

2

a

```
a1 = {1, 3, 0}; a2 = {6, 2, 0};
r1 = {2, -3, 1}; r2 = {-1, -4, 1};
Solve[a1 == λ a2, {λ}]
```

```
{}
```

Richtungsvektoren nicht parallel

```
solv = Solve[r1 + λ a1 == r2 + μ a2, {λ, μ}] // Flatten
```

```
{λ → 0, μ →  $\frac{1}{2}$ }
```

```
Schnittpunkt = r1 + λ a1 /. solv[[1]]
```

```
{2, -3, 1}
```

b

```
a1 = {4, 3, 0}; a2 = {-8, -6, 0};
r1 = {0, 0, 0}; r2 = {10, 6, 3};
Solve[a1 == λ a2, {λ}]
```

```
{{λ →  $-\frac{1}{2}$ }}
```

Richtungsvektoren parallel

```
solv = Solve[r1 + λ a1 == r2 + μ a2, {λ, μ}] // Flatten
```

```
{}
```

Kein Schnittpunkt

**c**

```
a1 = {0, 0, 1}; a2 = {2, 0, -1};
r1 = {3, 0, 5}; r2 = {1, -3, 6};
Solve[a1 == λ a2, {λ}]
{}

```

Richtungsvektoren nicht parallel

```
solv = Solve[r1 + λ a1 == r2 + μ a2, {λ, μ}] // Flatten
{}

```

Kein Schnittpunkt

**d**

```
a1 = {7, 2, -1}; a2 = {-14, -4, 2};
r1 = {4, -3, 2}; r2 = {-10, -7, 4};
Solve[a1 == λ a2, {λ}]

```

```
{{λ → - $\frac{1}{2}$ }}
```

Richtungsvektoren parallel

```
solv = Solve[r1 + λ a1 == r2 + μ a2, {λ, μ}] // Flatten
{λ → -2 - 2 μ}

```

**3**

```
xg[s_] := -1 + s 6;
yg[s_] := -4 + s 2;
zg[s_] := 1 + s 0;
g[s_] := {xg[s], yg[s], zg[s]}; g[s]
{-1 + 6 s, -4 + 2 s, 1}

xh[t_] := 2 + t 1;
yh[t_] := -3 + t 3;
zh[t_] := 1 + t 0;
h[t_] := {xh[t], yh[t], zh[t]}; h[t]
{2 + t, -3 + 3 t, 1}

Solve[g[s] == h[t], {s, t}]
{{s →  $\frac{1}{2}$ , t → 0}}
```

```

Schnittpunkt = h[0]
{2, -3, 1}

w[t_] := Schnittpunkt +
  t ((g[1] - g[0]) / Norm[(g[1] - g[0])] + (h[1] - h[0]) / Norm[(h[1] - h[0])]);
w[
  t]
{2 + 2  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}$  t, -3 + 2  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}$  t, 1}

w[t Sqrt[5 / 2] / 2]
{2 + t, -3 + t, 1}

{w[t Sqrt[5 / 2] / 2]} // Transpose // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 + t \\ -3 + t \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$


```

---

## 4

```

OA = {3, -2, 2}; OB = {-3, 5, 8};
OU = {2, 1, -3}; OV = {1, 5, 4};
OW = {6, -2, -1};
g[t_] := OA + t (OB - OA);
g[t]
{3 - 6 t, -2 + 7 t, 2 + 6 t}

 $\Phi[\lambda, \mu] := OU + \lambda (OV - OU) + \mu (OW - OU);$ 
 $\Phi[\lambda, \mu]$ 
{2 -  $\lambda$  + 4  $\mu$ , 1 + 4  $\lambda$  - 3  $\mu$ , -3 + 7  $\lambda$  + 2  $\mu$ }

solv = Solve[g[t] ==  $\Phi[\lambda, \mu]$ , {t,  $\lambda$ ,  $\mu$ }] // Flatten
{t  $\rightarrow$  -3,  $\lambda$   $\rightarrow$  -3,  $\mu$   $\rightarrow$  4}

Schnittpunkt = g[t] /. solv
{21, -23, -16}

```

---

## 5

a

```

 $\Phi[\lambda, \mu] := \{1, 2, -3\} + \lambda \{-1, 4, 7\} + \mu \{4, -3, 2\};$ 
 $\Phi[\lambda, \mu]$ 
{1 -  $\lambda$  + 4  $\mu$ , 2 + 4  $\lambda$  - 3  $\mu$ , -3 + 7  $\lambda$  + 2  $\mu$ }

```

```

Ψ[v_, ξ_] := {5, -2, -3} + v {22, -23, -4} + ξ {13, 0, 29};
Ψ[v, ξ]
{5 + 22 v + 13 ξ, -2 - 23 v, -3 - 4 v + 29 ξ}

solv = Solve[Ψ[v, ξ] == Ψ[λ, μ], {v, ξ, λ, μ}] // Flatten
{}

```

Kein Schnittpunkt: Ebenen parallel

**b**

```

Φ[λ_, μ_] := {5, 1, 8} + λ {1, 0, 3} + μ {2, 1, -1};
Φ[λ, μ]
{5 + λ + 2 μ, 1 + μ, 8 + 3 λ - μ}

Ψ[v_, ξ_] := {11, 7, -16} + v {6, 2, -1} + ξ {-1, -1, 3};
Ψ[v, ξ]
{11 + 6 v - ξ, 7 + 2 v - ξ, -16 - v + 3 ξ}

solv = Solve[Ψ[v, ξ] == Φ[λ, μ], {v, ξ, λ, μ}] // Flatten
{v -> -6/7 + μ/7, ξ -> 30/7 - 5 μ/7, λ -> -24/7 - 3 μ/7}

(Φ[λ, μ] /. solv) // Simplify
{11 (1 + μ)/7, 1 + μ, -16/7 (1 + μ)}

(Ψ[v, ξ] /. solv) // Simplify
{11 (1 + μ)/7, 1 + μ, -16/7 (1 + μ)}

```

Schnittgerade, hier dargestellt mit Parameter

```

(1 - t^6) / (1 - t) // Simplify
1 + t + t^2 + t^3 + t^4 + t^5

```

**6**

```

Remove["Global`*"]

Φ[λ_, μ_] := {2, 3, 1} + λ {4, -2, 3} + μ {1, 0, -2};
Φ[λ, μ]
{2 + 4 λ + μ, 3 - 2 λ, 1 + 3 λ - 2 μ}

solv = Solve[{x, y, z} == Φ[λ, μ], {λ, μ, x}] // Flatten
{λ -> (3 - y)/2, μ -> 1/4 (11 - 3 y - 2 z), x -> 1/4 (43 - 11 y - 2 z)}

```

```
(x1-x==0 /.solv)
x1 +  $\frac{1}{4} (-43 + 11 y + 2 z) == 0$ 

(%/.x1->x)//Simplify
4 x + 11 y + 2 z == 43
```

---

## 7

```
Remove["Global`*"]
ϕ[{x_,y_,z_}]:=3x-7z-21;
P1={0,0,z}; P2={0,y,0}; P3={x,0,0};
solv1=Solve[ϕ[P1]==0,{z}]/Flatten
{z -> -3}
P1={0,0,z}/.solv1
{0, 0, -3}
solv2=Solve[ϕ[P2]==0,{y}]/Flatten
{}
P2={0,y,0}/.solv2
{0, y, 0}
```

y ist beliebig. Setze y=1

```
y=1;
solv3=Solve[ϕ[P3]==0,{x}]/Flatten
{x -> 7}
P3={x,0,0}/.solv3
{7, 0, 0}
ϕ[λ_,μ_]:= P1+λ(P2-P1)+μ(P3-P1);
{ϕ[λ,μ]}/Transpose//MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7\mu \\ \lambda \\ -3 + 3\lambda + 3\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

```

---

## 8

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

**a**

```
PA={4,3,-2}; PB={-3,1,2}; PC={1,0,2};
ϕ[λ_,μ_]:= PA+λ(PB-PA)+μ(PC-PA);
{ϕ[λ,μ]}//Transpose//MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 - 7\lambda - 3\mu \\ 3 - 2\lambda - 3\mu \\ -2 + 4\lambda + 4\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

**b**

```
PA={2,-3,0}; PB={-4,6,2}; PC={0,0,9};
ϕ[λ_,μ_]:= PA+λ(PB-PA)+μ(PC-PA);
{ϕ[λ,μ]}//Transpose//MatrixForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 - 6\lambda - 2\mu \\ -3 + 9\lambda + 3\mu \\ 2\lambda + 9\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

## Lösungen Teil 2

**1**

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OA={-1,0,5}; OB={3,-4,7}; OC={2,2,3};
α = ArcCos[(OB-OA).(OC-OA)/(Norm[OB-OA] Norm[OC-OA])]
```

$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

```
%/Degree//N
```

```
90.
```

```
β = ArcCos[(OA-OB).(OC-OB)/(Norm[OA-OB] Norm[OC-OB])]
```

$$\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{6}{\sqrt{53}}\right]$$

```
%/Degree//N
```

```
34.4962
```

```
γ = ArcCos[(OA-OC).(OB-OC)/(Norm[OA-OC] Norm[OB-OC])]
```

$$\text{ArcCos}\left[\sqrt{\frac{17}{53}}\right]$$

```
%/Degree//N
```

```
55.5038
```

## Kontrolle

```
( $\alpha + \beta + \gamma$ ) / Degree // N
```

```
180.
```

## 2

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OP={1,2,0};  $\mathfrak{E}[\{x_,y_,z_}]:=x-y+2z-3$ ; nVec={1,-1,2};
h[ $\lambda$ ]:=OP+ $\lambda$  nVec;
solv=Solve[ $\mathfrak{E}[h[\lambda]]==0$ ,{ $\lambda$ }]/Flatten
```

```
{ $\lambda \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}$ }
```

```
OS=h[ $\lambda$ ]/.solv
```

```
{ $\frac{5}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{4}{3}$ }
```

```
OPgespiegelt=OP+2(OS-OP)
```

```
{ $\frac{7}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{3}$ }
```

```
d=Norm[2(OS-OP)]
```

```
 $4\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$ 
```

```
Norm[OP-OPgespiegelt]
```

```
 $4\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$ 
```

```
% //N
```

```
3.26599
```

## 3

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OP={p1,p2,p3}; a={a1,a2,a3}; b={b1,b2,b3};
g1[ $\lambda$ ]:=OP+  $\lambda$  a;
g2[ $\mu$ ]:=OP+  $\mu$  b;
```

```
s1[ $\lambda$ ]:=OP+  $\lambda$  (a/Norm[a]+b/Norm[b]);
```

```
s2[ $\mu$ ]:=OP+  $\mu$  (a/Norm[a]-b/Norm[b]);
```

```
((a/Norm[a]+b/Norm[b]).(a/Norm[a]-b/Norm[b]//Simplify)/.{Abs[a1]^2->a1^2,Abs[a2]^2->a2^2,Abs[a3]^2->a3^2,Abs[b1]^2->b1^2,Abs[b2]^2->b2^2,Abs[b3]^2->b3^2}
```

$$\frac{(a^2 b_1^2 + a^2 b_1^2 + a^2 b_2^2 + a^2 b_2^2 + a^2 b_3^2 + a^2 b_3^2 - a^2 (b_1^2 + b_2^2 + b_3^2) - a^2 (b_1^2 + b_2^2 + b_3^2))}{((a^2 + a^2 + a^3) (b_1^2 + b_2^2 + b_3^2))}$$

```
%//Expand
```

```
0
```

## 4

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
a={3,8,x}; b={3,-8,x};
```

```
a.b == Norm[a] Norm[b] Cos[60 Degree]
```

$$-55 + x^2 = \frac{1}{2} (73 + \text{Abs}[x]^2)$$

```
Solve[a.b == Norm[a] Norm[b] Cos[60 Degree],{x}]
```

```
{{x -> -\sqrt{183}}, {x -> \sqrt{183}}}
```

```
%//N
```

```
{{x -> -13.5277}, {x -> 13.5277}}
```

## 5

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OA={2,-4,-9}; OB={0,6,1}; OX[s]:={3,12,16}+s {3,10,11};
```

```
Simplify[(OA-OB).(OX[s]-OB)]==0
```

$$-204 (1 + s) = 0$$

```
solv=Solve[(OA-OB).(OX[s]-OB)==0,{s]//Flatten
```

```
{s -> -1}
```

```
OC=OX[s]/.solv
```

```
{0, 2, 5}
```

```
OD=OC+(OA-OB)
```

```
{2, -8, -5}
```

## 6

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```



```
HNFΦ[x_,y_,z_] := (x+2y+3z-5)/Sqrt[1^2+2^2+3^2];
HNFΨ[x_,y_,z_] := (x+2y+3z+2)/Sqrt[1^2+2^2+3^2];
```

```
HNFΦ[0,0,0]
```

$$-\frac{5}{\sqrt{14}}$$

```
HNFΨ[0,0,0]
```

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{7}}$$

```
HNFΨ[0,0,0]-HNFΦ[0,0,0]
```

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{7}} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{14}}$$

```
N[%]
```

```
1.87083
```

## 7

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
NFFΦ[x_,y_,z_] := (3x-y+3z-1)/Sqrt[3^2+(-1)^2+2^2];
HNFΨ[x_,y_,z_] := (-6x+2y-4z-7)/Sqrt[(-6)^2+2^2+(-4)^2];
Print[NFFΦ[x,y,z], " ", HNFΨ[x,y,z]]
```

$$\frac{-1+3x-y+3z}{\sqrt{14}} \quad \frac{-7-6x+2y-4z}{2\sqrt{14}}$$

Normalenvektoren nicht parallel!

```
Solve[{NFFΦ[x,y,z]==0, HNFΨ[x,y,z]==0},{x,y,z}]
```

$$\left\{ \left\{ x \rightarrow -\frac{25}{6} + \frac{y}{3}, z \rightarrow \frac{9}{2} \right\} \right\}$$

```
N[%]
```

```
{x → -4.16667 + 0.333333 y, z → 4.5}
```

Schnittgerade! Abstand = 0.

## 8

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OP={-1,0,3};
HNF@{x_,y_,z_}:=(-x+2y+5z+2)/Sqrt[(-1)^2+2^2+5^2]; HNF@{x_,y_,z_}:= HNF@{x,y,z};
HNF@{x,y,z}
```

$$\frac{2 - x + 2y + 5z}{\sqrt{30}}$$

```
HNF@OP]
```

$$3\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}$$

```
N[%]
```

```
3.28634
```

## 9

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
HNF@{x_,y_,z_}:=(3x-5y-4z-10)/Sqrt[3^2+(-5)^2+(-4)^2];
HNF@{x,y,z}
```

$$\frac{-10 + 3x - 5y - 4z}{5\sqrt{2}}$$

```
HNF@1[x_,y_,z_]:=(3x-5y-4z-10)/Sqrt[3^2+(-5)^2+(-4)^2]+4;
HNF@1[0,0,0]
```

$$4 - \sqrt{2}$$

```
N[%]
```

```
2.58579
```

```
HNF@2[x_,y_,z_]:=(3x-5y-4z-10)/Sqrt[3^2+(-5)^2+(-4)^2]-4;
HNF@2[0,0,0]
```

$$-4 - \sqrt{2}$$

```
N[%]
```

```
-5.41421
```

## 10

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
HNF@{x_,y_,z_}:=(-x-2y+z-2)/Sqrt[(-1)^2+(-2)^2+(1)^2];
HNF@{x,y,z}
```

$$\frac{-2 - x - 2y + z}{\sqrt{6}}$$

```

OA={3,4,2}; OB={1,-1,5}; OC={3,0,1}; nVec=Cross[(OB-OA),(OC-OA)]
{17, -2, 8}

HNFΨ[x_,y_,z_] := ({x,y,z}.nVec+dD)/Norm[nVec]; HNFΨ[{x_,y_,z_}] := HNFΨ[x,y,z];
HNFΨ[x,y,z]


$$\frac{dD + 17x - 2y + 8z}{\sqrt{357}}$$


solv=Solve[HNFΨ[OA]==0,{dD}]/Flatten
{dD → -59}

HNFΨ[x_,y_,z_] := ({x,y,z}.nVec+dD)/Norm[nVec]/. solv;
HNFΨ[x,y,z]


$$\frac{-59 + 17x - 2y + 8z}{\sqrt{357}}$$


Simplify[Sqrt[357] HNFΨ[x,y,z]-Sqrt[6] HNFΨ[x,y,z]]==0
-57 + 18x + 7z == 0

Simplify[Sqrt[357] HNFΨ[x,y,z]+Sqrt[6] HNFΨ[x,y,z]]==0
-61 + 16x - 4y + 9z == 0

```

## 11

**Der Umkreismittelpunkt liegt auf den Senkrechten durch die Seitenmittelpunkte.**

```

Remove["Global`*"]

OA={a1,a2,a3}; OB={b1,b2,b3}; OC={c1,c2,c3};
OM[λ_,μ_] := OA+λ (OB-OA)+μ (OC-OA)//Simplify;
OM[λ,μ]

{b1 λ + c1 μ - a1 (-1 + λ + μ), b2 λ + c2 μ - a2 (-1 + λ + μ), b3 λ + c3 μ - a3 (-1 + λ + μ)}

```

OM ist Lösung des Gleichungssystems:

$$r^2 = |OM-OA|^2, r^2 = |OM-OB|^2, r^2 = |OM-OC|^2$$

(3 Gleichungen, Unbekannte  $r, \lambda, \mu$ )

```

{r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OA).(OM[λ,μ]-OA), r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OB).(OM[λ,μ]-OB), r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OC).(OM[λ,μ]-OC)}

{r^2 == {-a1 + b1 λ + c1 μ - a1 (-1 + λ + μ),
-a2 + b2 λ + c2 μ - a2 (-1 + λ + μ), -a3 + b3 λ + c3 μ - a3 (-1 + λ + μ)},
r^2 == {-b1 + b1 λ + c1 μ - a1 (-1 + λ + μ), -b2 + b2 λ + c2 μ - a2 (-1 + λ + μ),
-b3 + b3 λ + c3 μ - a3 (-1 + λ + μ)}, r^2 == {-c1 + b1 λ + c1 μ - a1 (-1 + λ + μ),
-c2 + b2 λ + c2 μ - a2 (-1 + λ + μ), -c3 + b3 λ + c3 μ - a3 (-1 + λ + μ)}}

Solve[{r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OA).(OM[λ,μ]-OA), r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OB).(OM[λ,μ]-OB),
r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OC).(OM[λ,μ]-OC)},{λ,μ,r}]/Simplify

```



$$\frac{(a_3 b_3 + a_1 (b_1 - c_1) - b_1 c_1 + c_1^2 + a_2 (b_2 - c_2) - b_2 c_2 + c_2^2 - a_3 c_3 - b_3 c_3 + c_3^2)}{(2 (a_1^2 b_2^2 + a_1^2 b_3^2 - 2 a_1 b_2^2 c_1 - 2 a_1 b_3^2 c_1 + b_2^2 c_1^2 + b_3^2 c_1^2 - 2 a_1^2 b_2 c_2 + 2 a_1 b_1 b_2 c_2 + 2 a_1 b_2 c_1 c_2 - 2 b_1 b_2 c_1 c_2 + a_1^2 c_2^2 - 2 a_1 b_1 c_2^2 + b_1^2 c_2^2 + b_3^2 c_2^2 + a_3^2 (b_1^2 + b_2^2 - 2 b_1 c_1 + c_1^2 - 2 b_2 c_2 + c_2^2) - 2 a_1^2 b_3 c_3 + 2 a_1 b_1 b_3 c_3 + 2 a_1 b_3 c_1 c_3 - 2 b_1 b_3 c_1 c_3 - 2 b_2 b_3 c_2 c_3 + a_1^2 c_3^2 - 2 a_1 b_1 c_3^2 + b_1^2 c_3^2 + b_2^2 c_3^2 + a_2^2 (b_1^2 + b_3^2 - 2 b_1 c_1 + c_1^2 - 2 b_3 c_3 + c_3^2) - 2 a_2 (-b_1 b_2 c_1 + b_2 c_1^2 + a_1 (b_1 - c_1) (b_2 - c_2) + b_1^2 c_2 + b_3^2 c_2 - b_1 c_1 c_2 + a_3 (b_2 - c_2) (b_3 - c_3) - b_2 b_3 c_3 - b_3 c_2 c_3 + b_2 c_3^2) - 2 a_3 (b_3 c_1^2 - b_2 b_3 c_2 + b_3 c_2^2 + a_1 (b_1 - c_1) (b_3 - c_3) + b_1^2 c_3 + b_2^2 c_3 - b_2 c_2 c_3 - b_1 c_1 (b_3 + c_3)))}$$

OMC=OA+(OB-OA)/2 //Simplify

$$\left\{ \frac{a_1 + b_1}{2}, \frac{a_2 + b_2}{2}, \frac{a_3 + b_3}{2} \right\}$$

OMA=OB+(OC-OB)/2 //Simplify

$$\left\{ \frac{b_1 + c_1}{2}, \frac{b_2 + c_2}{2}, \frac{b_3 + c_3}{2} \right\}$$

**b**

OA={-2,5,-5}; OB={3,-1,5}; OC={0,3,-1};  
 OM[λ,μ]:=OA+λ (OB-OA)+μ (OC-OA)//Simplify;  
 OM[λ,μ]

$$\{-2 + 5 \lambda + 2 \mu, 5 - 6 \lambda - 2 \mu, -5 + 10 \lambda + 4 \mu\}$$

solv=Solve[{r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OA).(OM[λ,μ]-OA), r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OB).(OM[λ,μ]-OB), r^2==(OM[λ,μ]-OC).(OM[λ,μ]-OC)},{λ,μ,r}]/Simplify //Flatten

$$\left\{ r \rightarrow -\sqrt{\frac{29463}{10}}, \lambda \rightarrow \frac{297}{5}, \mu \rightarrow -\frac{3059}{20}, r \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{29463}{10}}, \lambda \rightarrow \frac{297}{5}, \mu \rightarrow -\frac{3059}{20} \right\}$$

N[%]

$$\{r \rightarrow -54.2798, \lambda \rightarrow 59.4, \mu \rightarrow -152.95, r \rightarrow 54.2798, \lambda \rightarrow 59.4, \mu \rightarrow -152.95\}$$

OM[λ,μ]/.solv

$$\left\{ -\frac{109}{10}, -\frac{91}{2}, -\frac{114}{5} \right\}$$

N[%]

$$\{-10.9, -45.5, -22.8\}$$

## Lösungen Teil 3

1

Remove["Global`\*"]

```
a={1,0,3}; b={2,-2,3};
Cross[a,b]
```

```
{6, 3, -2}
```

```
Norm[Cross[a,b]]
```

```
7
```

## 2

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OP={2,4,-5};
g[s_]:= {1,0,-6}+s {-3,5,2};
```

```
(OP-g[s]).{-3,5,2}==0
```

```
5 (4 - 5 s) + 2 (1 - 2 s) - 3 (1 + 3 s) == 0
```

```
solv=Solve[(OP-g[s]).{-3,5,2}==0,{s}]/Flatten
```

```
{s -> 1/2}
```

```
g[s]/.solv
```

```
{-1/2, 5/2, -5}
```

```
N[%]
```

```
{-0.5, 2.5, -5.}
```

## 3

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OA={2,-1,5}; OB={3,3,0}; OC={-4,3,-2}; OD={-1,-3,2};
Volumen = 1/6 Det[{OC-OA, OB-OA, OD-OA}]
```

```
67/3
```

```
N[%]
```

```
22.3333
```

```
Oberflaeche = 1/2 (Norm[Cross[OB-OA,OC-OA]]+ Norm[Cross[OC-OA,OD-OA]]+
Norm[Cross[OD-OA,OB-OA]]+ Norm[Cross[OC-OB,OD-OB]])
```

```
1/2 (2 sqrt[227] + 2 sqrt[598] + sqrt[1261] + sqrt[2217])
```

```
N[%]
```

```
22.3333
```

## 4

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OA={0,5,0}; OB={5,0,6};
OC={5,13-4,0}; OD={0,13,6};
```

d=Volumen/Grundfläche

```
d = Det[{OB-OA,OC-OA,OD-OC}]
```

```
510
```

```
G = Cross[OB-OA,OD-OC]//Norm
```

```
 $\sqrt{6541}$ 
```

```
N[%]
```

```
80.8764
```

```
d/G
```

```
 $\frac{510}{\sqrt{6541}}$ 
```

```
N[%]
```

```
6.30591
```

## 5

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
kF={30,-60,30}; a={1,2,0}; b={-2,0,2};
kF1[λ_,μ_]:= λ a+ μ b; kF2[ν_]:= ν Cross[a,b];
solv=Solve[kF==kF1[λ,μ]+kF2[ν],{λ,μ,ν}]/Flatten
```

```
{λ → -20, μ → -5, ν → 10}
```

```
kF1[λ,μ]/.solv
```

```
{-10, -40, -10}
```

```
kF2[ν]/.solv
```

```
{40, -20, 40}
```

## 6

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

```
OP={2,0,-3};  $\Phi[\lambda,\mu]:=\{2,11,-16\}+\lambda\{-3,0,2\}+\mu\{0,1,-3\}$ ;
g[t_]:= OP + t Cross[{-3,0,2},{0,1,-3}]; g[t]
{2-2 t, -9 t, -3-3 t}
```

## 7

```
Remove["Global`*"]

OP={2,0,-1};
 $\Phi[\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y},\mathbf{z}]:=\{\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y},\mathbf{z}\}.\{2,-1,3\}+4$ ;
 $\Psi[\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y},\mathbf{z}]:=\{\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y},\mathbf{z}\}.\{1,1,-2\}-3$ ;
 $\Gamma[\lambda,\mu]:= OP + \lambda \{2,-1,3\} + \mu \{1,1,-2\}$ ;  $\Gamma[\lambda,\mu]$ 
{2+2  $\lambda$ + $\mu$ , - $\lambda$ + $\mu$ , -1+3  $\lambda$ -2  $\mu$ }

 $\{\Gamma[\lambda,\mu]\}$ //Transpose//MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2+2\lambda+\mu \\ -\lambda+\mu \\ -1+3\lambda-2\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

```

## 8

```
Remove["Global`*"]
```

## a

```
OO={0,0,0}; OA={12,4,0}; OB={2,14,0}; h=10;
OM=(OA+OB)/2
{7, 9, 0}

nVec = h Cross[OA,OB]/Norm[Cross[OA,OB]]
{0, 0, 10}

OC=OM+nVec
{7, 9, 10}
```

## b

```
ACB = ArcCos[(OA-OC).(OB-OC)/(Norm[OA-OC] Norm[OB-OC])]
ArcCos[ $\frac{1}{3}$ ]
ACB//N
1.23096
```



**ACB/Degree//N**

70.5288

**C**

**nOAC=Cross[OA,OC]**

{40, -120, 80}

**nOBC=Cross[OB,OC]**

{140, -20, -80}

**$\alpha = \text{ArcCos}[\text{nOAC} \cdot \text{nOBC} / \text{Norm}[\text{nOAC}] / \text{Norm}[\text{nOBC}]]$**

$\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{231}}\right]$

**$\alpha//N$**

1.50495

**$\alpha\text{Deg}=\alpha/\text{Degree}//N$**

86.2275

**Winkel=180- $\alpha\text{Deg}$**

93.7725

**C**

**FlaecheDach= ( Norm[nOAC]+Norm[nOBC] )/2**

$\frac{1}{2} (40 \sqrt{14} + 20 \sqrt{66})$

**FlaecheDach//N**

156.074

**d**

**Det[{OA,OB,OC}]/6**

$\frac{800}{3}$

**%//N**

266.667